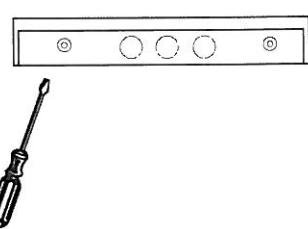


Montage / mounting

1. 

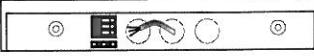
Den obersten Gehäuseteil durch seitliches Schieben vom Rest des Leuchtengehäuses abziehen.

Remove the topmost case part by pushing the rest of the luminaire to the side.

2. 

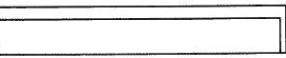
Je nach Montageart (Wand-, Decke oder Ausleger), die Sollbruchstellen für die Kabelführung ausbrechen und die Löcher für die Schraubenbefestigung durchbohren (Kreuzschraubenzieher No. 1). Die beigelegten Abstandshalter anbringen.

Break out the rupture joints (Phillips head screwdriver No. 1) for your mounting type: Mount the enclosed spacers.

3. 

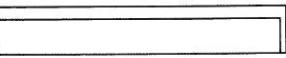
Die Stromzuleitung durch die Kableinführungen ziehen (**ACHTUNG! Vor Netzanschluss sicherstellen, dass keine Spannung anliegt!**) und das Gehäuseteil an Wand bzw. Decke befestigen.

*Pull the power cables through the cable entries (**CAUTION! Ensure that there is no voltage on the mains terminators**) and attach the encapsulation part to wall or ceiling.*

4. 

An der Klemme die elektrische Verbindung herstellen (siehe Anschlussplan).

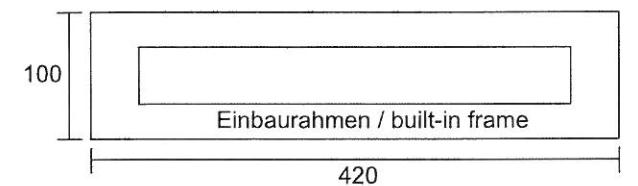
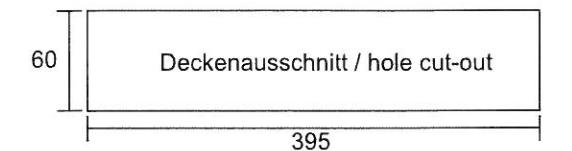
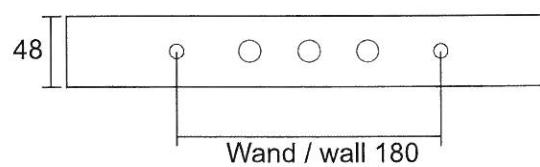
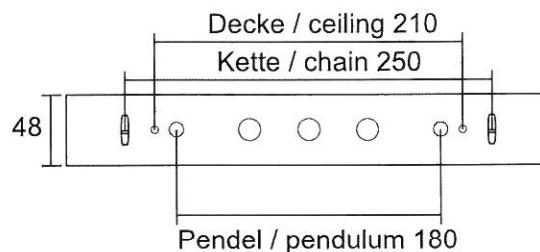
Connect the mains cable to the terminals (see connection plan).

5. 

Das Leuchtenunterteil am Deckenteil fixieren.

Fix the electronic part to the mounted part of the luminaire.

Bohrabstände / drilling distances



MLED400 Schaltnetzteil für LED-Lampen mit Überspannungsschutz



MLED400

Switching power supply with monitoring



- Switching power supply for LED lights to 5W
 - Adjust to various output voltages (3,3V, 4,2V, 12V, 24V)
 - Integrated individual light monitoring
 - Integrated light management function
 - Integrated mains monitoring
 - Integrated dimmer function (to 20% or 50% in mains operation)
 - Integrated cancellation of dimmer function for maintained lights
 - Integrated flashing function (emergency operation)
 - Polarity indicator with visual display



The MLED400 is an electronic switching power supply with integrated individual light monitoring, light management function, mains monitoring, dimmer and flashing functions. All LED light formats with a max. output of 5W can be used as consumers. The MLED400 is suitable for use with emergency lighting systems of type: **BK**, **BX**, **ZX**, **ZDCL** and **Multi-Control**.

The integrated address module of the MLED400 serves to assign addresses to the lights from 1-20. Coding the lights with individual light interrogation is carried out with a DIP switch S3 and a rotary encoder switch, which is marked with the digits 1 - 16.

The coding is carried out as follows:

- Lights 1 - 16: DIP switch S3 - OFF and set rotary encoder switch to 1-16 according to the light number,
e.g. light 1 = coding 1, ..., light 16 = coding 16.

Lights 17 - 20: DIP switch S3 - ON and set rotary encoder switch to 1-4 according to the light number,
e.g. light 17 = coding 1, ..., light 20 = coding 4.

With the MLED400 it is also possible to operate maintained lights, switched maintained lights and non-maintained lights simultaneously in a maintained light circuit. An MLED400 connected to an emergency light output in non-maintained state is supplied with power from the maintained light circuit, in the event of modified non-maintained state with mains alternating voltage. Recognition, as to whether the function „modified non-maintained“ should be executed in the respective circuit, is based on the evaluation of the closed-circuit current loop. This means that if a closed-circuit current loop fails then the MLED400 assigned to this loop is activated via the circuit module SKM_T or DCM with the Multi-Control. For **non-maintained operation** switch **S2** to **OFF**.

If the MLED400 is to function in **unswitched maintained light operation**, set the switch **S2** to **ON**. The circuit module SKM_T is primarily to be set to maintained (maintained light) in the front area (refer to product info SKM_T). For information on programming the DCM circuit module refer to the associated production information or the user instructions for the Multi-Control.

It is thus also possible to determine the switching type of the connected MLED400 after installation of the ground circuit (maintained or non-maintained) By operating a switch on the MLED400, it is possible to switch the connected emergency lights to mains operation, together with the general lighting. In order to execute this switching action, first set the switch S2 to OFF on the MLED400 and then feed connected voltage L'/N (230V/50Hz) from the neighbouring general lighting to the MLED400, with which it is possible to control the connected emergency lighting. This phase is not loaded by the lighting, it merely serves the evaluation. If the MLED400 is intended to function purely in non-maintained operation, the application of the connected voltage L'/N (230V/50Hz) is superfluous

In the event that the monitored voltage fails, the integrated mains monitoring executes a switching of the MLED400 to the mains alternating voltage of the maintained light circuit. This means that if the voltage on the monitored network of a sub-distribution board in a fire compartment fails then the lights on the MLED400 are switched across. The **mains monitoring** is **deactivated** with the DIP switch **S1 ON**.

Attention: If the mains monitoring function is not used, it is essential to ensure that S1 is set to ON.

The MLED400 is also capable of dimming the lights to 20% or 50% in mains operation and to execute a flashing function in emergency operation.

These settings are executed with jumper group A (see example connection or setting for dimmer and flashing functions). In order to be able to override the light dimming in maintained operation, voltage must be applied at the switch input (L', N). Following application of this voltage the light flux is driven from the set value (20% or 50%) to 100%. However, this is only possible with lights which do not

If maintained lights with special functions (dimming, flashing in emergency operation) are switched on via the line monitor function then these switch on immediately and not after a time delay, as at the switch input, and then execute their emergency function.

If the emergency lighting system switches to battery operation, all of the MLED400 are switched on irrespective of their setting. This takes place within the framework of the system test or in emergency operation.
The integrated **polarity indication** signals a faulty connection of the module to the emergency lighting system (ground circuit) by means of the light flashing at 2-second intervals – L+/N- inverted. This function is triggered in test or battery operation (not in mains operation) and only until the fault is removed.

